WHAT IS HEREDITARY ANGIOEDEMA?

WHAT IS THE CAUSE?

Common Triggers
- Stress, physical trauma, surgery, or a dental procedure
- Infection
- Hormones
- Mechanical pressure

HAE attacks often happen without a known trigger; however, they can sometimes be brought on by stress, physical trauma, surgery, or a dental procedure, infection, hormones or mechanical pressure. 3,5

WHO IS AT RISK?

HAE is a rare genetic disorder seen primarily in the Ashkenazi Jewish population, and it mainly affects Caucasian Americans. It can also be seen in other populations, including Asian, African, and Hispanic populations. The incidence of HAE varies from country to country,

TAKHZYRO HELPS PREVENT HAE ATTACKS IN A WHOLE NEW WAY™

TAKHZYRO is a plasma kallikrein inhibitor indicated for prophylaxis in patients aged 12 years and older with hereditary angioedema (HAE). TAKHZYRO is the first investigational, FDA approved treatment for hereditary angioedema (HAE).

SELECT IMPORTANT SAFETY INFORMATION

HELP™ STUDY DESIGN

The HELP™ study was a randomized, parallel group, double-blind, placebo-controlled study to evaluate the efficacy and safety of TAKHZYRO in the prevention of angioedema attacks in patients aged 12 years and older with HAE.

The study was conducted in two phases: a 26-week double-blind phase followed by an open-label phase of 12 weeks. In the double-blind phase, patients were randomized to receive either TAKHZYRO (300 mg every 2 weeks, 300 mg every 4 weeks, or 150 mg every 4 weeks) or placebo.

The primary endpoint was the number of investigator-confirmed attacks over the entire 26-week study duration.

PATIENTS WHO TOOK TAKHZYRO HAD 73% FEWER ATTACKS VS PLACEBO.

REDUCTION IN ATTACKS VS PLACEBO

THE NEXT 4 MONTHS OF TREATMENT

PATIENTS HAD ZERO ATTACKS FOR 87% OF THE TIME

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